

DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 20, 1864.

WANTED.—Two good compositors at this office. None others need apply.

Arrival and Departure.

In a cart notice (the only one permitted by the space at our disposal) we mentioned the arrival of Companies A, H, K and M, 2d Cav. C. V., from Camp Conness for the purpose of wintering. The officers who arrived with these Companies are. Major Edw. McGarry, commanding 2d Cavalry, C. V.; Major John M. O'Neill; Surgeon J. M. Williamson; Adj't F. L. Weed, and Regimental Quartermaster, Lieut. C. Harriott. The Regimental Commissary of the 2d Cavalry, Lieut. H. R. Miller, had all along been on detached service at this Post as Post Commissary. The Company officers who arrived are, Capt. D. J. Berry and Lieut. Anthony Ethier, of Company A; 1st Lieut. C. D. Clark, commanding Company H; Capt. S. P. Smith and 1st Lieut. H. L. Street, of Company K, and Capt. Geo. F. Price and 1st Lieut. G. D. Conrad, of Company M. The time of a considerable number of the men in these Companies will have expired by the 11th of next month, at which time they will be regularly mustered out of the service, and the enlisted men remaining will (if it be deemed necessary—as it probably will,) be consolidated so as to form one or more companies complete, to the maximum allowed by law. Quite a number of the men have re-enlisted as Veterans;—though few in proportion to the number of men of the 3d regiment of Infantry who have done so; and we presume that by the 11th proximo, there will be quite a stampede of discharged soldiers to Rush Valley and to California. A few desirous of seeing their relatives and friends, will return to the States; but the great majority will take one or other of the directions indicated above.

Since the arrival of the companies here, an order has been received from Headquarters of the Department, transferring the headquarters of the 2d Cavalry, C. V., to Camp Union, near Sacramento, California, in consequence of which, Major McGarry will leave on Friday next, and will be followed as soon thereafter as possible, by Surgeon Williamson, Lieut. Weed, Miller and Harriott of the staff, and by the members of the non-commissioned staff of the regiment.

There are seven companies of the regiment in California and but five here in all, whence it is manifestly better that the regimental headquarters should be in California, were there even no other good reason for the change which has been made;—and while we are sorry to part with the gentlemen named, we are yet convinced that the change is highly satisfactory to themselves, and we can only express the hope that the upright demeanor and gentlemanly conduct which have won those officers so many friends among our citizens, may serve as a model to the officers of the Nevada Territory Cavalry, by whom they are soon to be replaced.

As for the rank and file, we have had occasion frequently to observe, and we repeat, that rarely indeed, has any population been favored with the presence of a large command of soldiers so closely quartered to their city and domiciles—whose demeanor was so quiet and unobtrusive, and of whom so little was ever heard in an offensive way. We therefore, heartily wish to such of them as desire to see their old homes and friends, a safe return East;—to those who revisit California, a warm greeting on their arrival; and to such as remain, a good yield of wealth from Rush Valley.

TRANSLATION OF REMAINS.—The remains of the late John K. Briggs, of Company H, 2d Cavalry, C. V., who was killed in the battle of Bear River, January, 29, 1863, were yesterday taken up from the Camp Cemetery, where so many of his comrades repose, and enfolded in a chest to be taken to California, prior to shipping them to Rochester, N. Y.—where his mother and other relatives reside. Major Edw. McGarry, 2d Cavalry, C. V., superintends the transportation of his remains to his mourning relatives.

ERROR OF THE NEWS.—Simultaneously with the news of the unparalleled successes of our gallant armies in the East, we read in the telegraphic dispatches of this morning an account of the tumbling down of prices at which imports of all kinds have been previously sold—a result naturally attendant upon the fall (to rise no more, we trust) of the speculative prices at which the money shavers of Wall street have held gold coin. These brokers and shavers (alias swindlers) have certainly worked in this respect with a zeal, pertinacity and an ingenuity worthy of a better cause than that in which they have been engaged, but it is now apparent, even to them, that the promise of the United States to pay money is bound in the long run to be as good as the gold itself.

The fall in gold has reached us in this city in due course, and we trust the fall in the prices of all merchandise and articles of consumption may permeate to the citizens of Utah Territory, also in its time—though we doubt not but that a strenuous effort will be made by the "Godly" to keep up prices, notwithstanding the news and the state of the markets both East and West. It will not work, however. Mrs. Partington could not repress the rising tide of the Atlantic, though she trundled her busy broom ever so deftly, and the actual oppressors of the people who, under the specious guise of religion, try the same game here, will find themselves engaged in an equally vain attempt.

A TRIP TO STOCKTON.—On Tuesday morning last G. C. Haswell, formerly Deputy Sheriff of this county, started from this city for Stockton, having in charge an insane man named Edward Gill. Haswell did not return until noon yesterday, and accounts for his absence for one day more than usual by stating that the insane man managed to put him (Haswell) into the Asylum instead of himself and keep him there nearly a whole day. It appears from Haswell's narrative that shortly after leaving on the stage, Gill possessed himself of the papers in the case, and commenced telling the passengers what a peculiar kind of a crazy man he had under his charge; that he wanted to make people believe that he was taking him (Gill) to Stockton, etc. Haswell saw the joke, but the more he tried to get the documents from Gill the more the passengers thought he was insane, until the former gave up in despair. Arriving at the Asylum, they both went into the reception room. Haswell looking about eagerly for some one to relieve him from the dilemma which he was in. But Gill commenced telling what trouble he had with his man on the road up, trying to get his papers from him, telling the people that he was an officer, and that Haswell had succeeded in getting his pistol, and to pacify him he was compelled to give him the sheath and belt and let him wear it. The upshot was, that George was placed in confinement and Gill allowed to depart. Haswell was not released until next morning, being recognized by some parties whom he had sent for. He soon found his man Gill on the streets and placed him in the Asylum. The story is readable, whether based on fact or fiction.—*Sac. Union*, Sept. 16th.

TAIL RUNNING INDEED.—A correspondent of the Gold Hill (N. T.) *News*, writing from San Francisco, Sept. 1st, gives an account of steamboat racing, which now affords sad food for reflection, in view of the late catastrophe: "If there is anything I do feel a weakness for in this world, it is a square steamboat run, and I had the pleasure of seeing a capital one on Tuesday night. The California Steam Navigation Company's beautiful steamer *Yosemite* was stripped for a race, the freight being all put on board the *Antelope*, and those two vessels, the *Paul Pry* and the *Washoe*, all left their wharves within a short distance of each other, bound up the river. The bay was very rough, and the *Yosemite* and *Antelope* had therefore the advantage, being deep draught boats; but as the *Washoe* went past the city front it was evident that she was 'into it,' and long before the Red Rock was passed she had left all competitors far behind. She beat the *Yosemite* fourteen minutes to Benicia, and the others were nowhere in the race. As she is now in complete order, we look for some of the tallest running within the next few weeks which was ever ventured on these waters. The California Steam Navigation Company are not the ones to let up on a rival so easily, and the relative ability of their different boats will be tested to the utmost before they give in beaten by a boat which only draws four feet of water." The test has been applied and mourners now walk the streets.—*Sac. Union*, Sept. 7.

MILITARY.—Sergeant Reynolds, of Captain Noble's company, Second Regiment Cavalry, California Volunteers, left Stockton September 17th for Visalia, with a detachment of thirty men, to join his company.—*Sac. Union*, Sept. 19th.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

25,000 Rebels moving towards Missouri.

New York, Sept. 27th. The *Herald's* New Orleans correspondent has the following: Trans-Mississippi rebels numbering 25,000 are moving towards Missouri.

The Louisiana Legislature meets in two weeks. The U. S. Senators to be elected by it will be Governor Hahn and perhaps Gen. Banks.

It is rumored that Maj. Gen. Hurlbut will be assigned to command the Gulf department.

The *Tribune's* correspondent learns from a rebel Captain that Lee's army a month ago was from sixty-five to seventy thousand strong, including the whole of Early's command. Lee was the only General in whom the Southern people had any confidence, but his army is full of disaffected men.

From St. Louis.

St. Louis, Sept. 27th. Official information still puts Price's main force at Fredricktown with the advance at Farmington, St. Francis county. The main body is estimated at 10 or 12,000 strong, principally cavalry. The advance, about 4,000, are mounted. A light attack was made on Pilot Knob and Ironton yesterday, which was easily repulsed. It now appears that Pilot Knob was not evacuated as previously reported. Price's plans are as yet undeveloped, but he seems to be massing his forces in Arcadia valley. Gen. Mower, who left Brownsville, Arkansas, two weeks ago with a strong force of cavalry and artillery, is still moving northward in Price's rear and will be heard from in good time. Considerable bodies of troops are arriving here and the cavalry and infantry are being assigned to proper positions. The militia is responding promptly to the call of the commanding General, and the citizens generally manifest a strong disposition to organize for local defense.

Governor Denison accepts the position of Postmaster General.

Cincinnati, Sept. 27th. The *Gazette* says, that Governor Denison has decided to accept the position of Postmaster General.

Georgia Coming Back into the Union.

New York, Sept. 27th. The *Commercial's* special, says: Several prominent Georgian refugees, now here, are confident that some kind of an arrangement will soon be effected between Governor Brown and General Sherman, through which Georgia will secede from the Confederacy.

Foreign News.

New York, Sept. 27th. The *City of Baltimore* arrived at 3-30. There is a statement that Semmes was to have a new vessel. This is, however, contradicted. The *Daily News* says that the Federal successes reduces the proceedings of the Chicago Convention to comparative insignificance. The rebel loan has declined three per cent. The new rebel loan, lately announced, is bogus. Linne & Morris, in the American trade, have suspended. The English papers generally are discussing the prospects of peace, the most of them seeming to take the view that peace by an armistice is highly probable. It is stated that Denmark will be encouraged by the western powers. She refuses the cession of North Schleswig, unless it is sustained by the votes of the people. The resignation of the Spanish Ministry had been accepted.

Sandy Hook, Sept. 27th. News by the *City of Baltimore* to the 14th: The Spanish Ministry has resigned. The *Times* argues that the Chicago Convention will lead to peace.

Capture of Athens (Ala.) Confirmed.

Chattanooga, Sept. 27th. Forrest has captured Athens and destroyed the Elk river bridge. The Sulphur trestle is reported burned and the garrison of stockade (colored) captured. The Nashville and Chattanooga railroad has not been disturbed. Ample provisions have been taken to keep uninterrupted communication between Nashville and Atlanta.

Forrest advancing on Pulaski—Rosseau ready to receive him.

Nashville, Sept. 27th. Rosseau reached Pulaski yesterday at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Forrest's force was within seven miles of Pulaski and advancing. Heavy skirmishing continued until after dark by the advance of both forces. A telegram was received here this morning and reports the enemy still near Pulaski in force. Cavalry fighting has been going on all morning, and reinforcements of infantry having arrived, the probabilities are that a general engagement will take place to-day.

Fire at Boonville, Missouri.

St. Louis, Sept. 27th. Half a block of business houses were burned at Boonville, Missouri, on Sunday. The loss will reach \$40,000. A slight demonstration was made by the

rebels on Pilot Knob this morning. They threw a few shells in the place, but made no attack. The Post is defended with earthworks mounting heavy guns, and can resist an ordinary assault. Gen. Ewing commands.

Fight between Rosseau and Forrest—Rosseau falling back.

Nashville, Sept. 27th. Dispatches from the telegraph operator at Pulaski, says: Rosseau heavily pressed by Forrest, is slowly falling back. An attempt is reported being made by the enemy with 3,000 men and six pieces of artillery to flank Rosseau. Heavy skirmishing all day. Enemy is still advancing. Our infantry and cavalry are reported in line of battle and would attack the rebel scouts at Franklin. There is a report that Colonel Biddle's with a large force of men is between Williamsport and Hillsboro. A dispatch from Columbia, says, on the 26th, Biddle was at Lawrenceburg with 700 men and two pieces of artillery. The report that Johnsonville on the Tennessee river was captured, is unfounded. Ample preparations have been made for its defence.

Lee's Army About to Move.

New York, Sept. 28th. The *Herald's* City Point correspondent of the 26th, says: Early's defeat in the valley produces great uneasiness in the rebel army immediately opposite to us and results of great importance are looked for within a few days. That Lee is getting ready for some new movement is very evident. During the past few nights our troops on the front line could hear the noise of trains and artillery in motion. Lee is doubtless working to aid Early;—he stands aghast at the prospect of Sheridan's driving Early beyond the possibility of his holding the Central railroad which leads to Lynchburg from Richmond, and thence by contracting his lines around Petersburg hopes to be able to detach a force sufficient to reinforce and rally his demoralized army from the Shenandoah.

The *Herald's* correspondent with the 10th corps also says the movements of the enemy are full of uneasiness which is manifest in all their movements. They are certainly getting ready for a movement of some kind—perhaps to fall back to Swift creek, the first of their lines between Petersburg and Richmond. The reason doubtless is, that Grant is being too strongly reinforced for the rebels to maintain their extended line—now over ten miles in length.

Early still Retreating closely Followed by the Union Cavalry.

The *Herald's* Jackson correspondent of the 24th, says: Although we have had considerable fighting since leaving Winchester, still there has been nothing in the way of a regular battle or anything approaching the action of Monday last. The capture of artillery, flags, etc., at Fishers Hill were made more by the rapidity of our movements and accurate maneuvering than by force of battle. To-day we are still moving on and the enemy is retreating. Our cavalry is doing nobly. It is beyond doubt now that Early is doing everything he can to get out of our reach, and should an engagement ensue to-day or to-morrow it will be because we have forced him into it; every hour adds more and more prisoners to our already immense number.

The *Herald's* Harper's Ferry correspondent of the 26th, says: Sheridan fully expected General Farbert to intercept and capture the whole rebel army, but it seems he encountered a division of reinforcements hurrying to join Early and was engaged with them all day—and with his hands full at that. Had it not been for this, Early's whole command would have been captured.

Still further from Sheridan.

The *World's* correspondent with Sheridan says our loss in killed and wounded at Fisher's Hill will not exceed 200. Thus was Lee's right arm in the valley broken, and our victory an almost bloodless one.

New York, Sept. 28th.

The *Tribune's* Harper's Ferry correspondent of the 27th, says: The completeness of the surprise of the rebels at Fisher's Hill may be imagined from the fact that the guns captured were all loaded to their muzzles with grape and canister; but Crook's charge was so impetuous and rapid that the rebels did not get time to discharge them. The losses of the rebels in the recent fight, as reported by Government officials sent to ascertain the facts, are as follows: Arrived at Harper's Ferry, 288 officers and 3,100 men; wounded at Winchester, 2,200; captured between Fisher's Hill and Woodstock, 2,200; wounded and carried off by the rebels, estimated at 1,700; wounded at road-side houses, estimated at 1,000; killed and wounded by the cavalry in Surry Valley, 350. Total, nearly 11,000.

New York, Sept. 27th.

At the auctions of dry-goods to-day, there was a marked fall in prices, amounting to 38 and 40 per cent. less than regular prices three weeks ago. Gold opened steadier this morning and the price has been sustained by heavy purchases to cover shorts. There were rather lively times among importers, auctioneers and buyers generally, owing to the feverish state of political and financial affairs. Many kinds

of goods fell—some 10, 20 and 25 per cent. For instance, Paul de Chevre and Woolen Fillings, which two weeks ago brought 85 cts., were knocked down to-day at 50 cts.; some lots being withdrawn. Inferior qualities of articles heretofore commanding from 60 to 80 cts., went down to 42 and 44 cts. A few lots of forty inch bagging and burlaps sold from 15 to 20 per cent. below average prices. Domestic goods are firm in comparison with foreign articles.

The panic in gold unsettled everything and in a few cases the fall was 35 to 40 per cent. from regular prices three weeks ago. The reduction in rates of domestic goods has not been so great.

Peace Negotiations in Georgia.

New York, 27th.

Concerning the peace negotiations in Georgia, the *Evening Post* says: Gen. Sherman, (we are authorized to say,) will not negotiate except on terms of the unconditional submission of the rebels to our Government and the Union the fullest acknowledgements of its rights and an open admission that the war against the Union was what Alex. H. Stephens declared it would be, in 1860, viz: plunder and crime. The *Post* says, if the Georgia authorities will agree to these preliminaries, Gen. Sherman will meet them frankly and cheerfully.

News from Roseau's Command.

Nashville, 27th.

Skirmishing with rebel forces under Forrest continued all day. Roseau fell back two miles from Pulaski, but re-advanced and holds the town up to 7 P.M. to-day. The enemy have advanced their skirmish line to within half a mile of ours. They will probably advance their lines and attack in the morning. Our loss in to-day's fighting will not exceed 80 men.

Prisoners were captured in Marshall county on their way to McMinnville with dispatches for Cerro Gordo Williams, who was to unite with Forrest. These stated that Forrest had twenty pieces of artillery and about 7,000 men. Six regiments are reported to have been sent him from Wheeler's force.

Col. Donaldson, chief of the quartermasters department on the Cumberland, has organized a force in that department amounting to over 7,000 men, comprising eight regiments. Arms and equipments are to be furnished them, and they are to be in readiness at a moment's notice to co-operate with the regular troops when occasion may require.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

San Francisco, Sept. 26.

Steamer *John L. Stevens* brings advices from north-western Mexico to the 13th inst., and \$207,000 in bullion. The Mexican troops are reported to have achieved decided successes in Durango. The city of that name has probably been evacuated by the French, who are greatly encumbered. Eight or ten thousand acres of cotton are under cultivation in Sinaloa, with fine prospects. Four men had been killed by lightning at Mazatlan.

Great rejoicing in California over Sherman's victories.

Greenbacks selling at 52a53. Sailed—Ship *Daniel Marcy*, for Hong Kong, with \$82,000 in bullion from Chinese shippers. Confidence in American bottoms for the Chinese trade has greatly revived.

San Francisco, Sept. 27th.

The drought and failure of crops in San Luis Obispo county has caused great distress; many are said to be in a starving condition—relief measures are being taken in this city.

A fire in Stockton to-day destroyed \$30,000 worth of property.

The Nicaragua steamer *Moses Taylor* arrived this morning with passengers that left New York August 27th.

The steamer *Brother Jonathan* brings \$340,000 in gold from the mines of Oregon, Idaho and British Columbia.

One hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars (Mexican) sold to-day for 12 1-2 cents premium.

Greenbacks 53 cents

FIRE IN MARYSVILLE.—On the night of Sunday, September 18th, two dwelling houses belonging to a man named Flemming, in Marysville, were mainly destroyed by fire. Loss about six hundred dollars.—*Virginia Union*, Sept. 20th.

SUICIDE IN PLACER.—A blacksmith named Green committed suicide at Gold Run, in the vicinity of Dutch Flat, September 15th. He leaves a family of a wife and five children at Mud Springs, in El Dorado county.—*Virginia Union*, Sept. 20th.

PRICE OF GOLD.

Oct.—160.

Over—Virginia, \$25 00; Boise, \$22 00.

MARRIED.

At Camp Douglas, U. T., on Sunday, Sept. 24th, by the Rev. Father Roverdy, DEBBIE SULLIVAN to CARL RICH MALONEY.

CAMP DOUGLAS THEATER!!

Every Friday evening, the

Burnt Cork Jokers

Will present a new programme consisting of

SONGS, DANCES, BURLESQUES, TUMBLING, JOKES, & C. AC.

Prices of Admission.

Officers' Boxes,..... Fifty Cents
Other parts of the House,..... Twenty-five Cents
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performances commence at half past seven. #291f

CITY RESTAURANT,

Main Street, (opposite U. S. Subsistence Store-house,) Salt Lake City.

The Subscribers having fitted up, in elegant style, this **NEW RESTAURANT,**

And made it

NEAT AND COMPLETE

In all its apartments and arrangements, are determined so to keep it that those patronizing them will find no fault. The Tables will always be supplied with the

Best the Market Affords.

ANTONIO & BAKER, Prop'rs. #291f

T. H. HELLER. E. F. SNYDER.

HELLER & SNYDER,

Auction and Commission Merchants,
Second South Temple Street, two doors from
East Temple Street, (west.)

Will sell at public and private sale, at Ten o'clock every morning, Horses, Wagons, Merchandise, etc. Warehouse for Storage.

Wanted: Produce of all kinds. #191f

SALT LAKE HOUSE.

Engl Temple Street..... Salt Lake City.

THIS LARGE AND EXCELLENT HOTEL, HAS BEEN open so long to the public, that it is unnecessary for the proprietor to give it any recommendation, except that it has lately been re-modeled and re-fitted with extensive additions, has First Class accommodations, good, clean Beds, and Tables supplied with the

BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

In connection with the House is a BAR always furnished with the choicest brands of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

F. LITTLE, Proprietor. #261f

AUSTIN M. CLARK. | JOHN W. KEER. | MILTON E. CLARK.

CLARK & CO.,

BANKERS,

East Temple Street, (Salt Lake House,) G. S. L. City.
Exchange Sold on all parts of the United States and Europe. #261f

SALT LAKE HOUSE,

F. LITTLE..... Proprietor.

East Temple Street, Salt Lake City. #261f

GEM SALOON.

In the rear of Brown's Store, Main St.,

BY SEWELL & GREEN.

If you want good and pure liquors, call at the Gem Saloon.
If you want a good cigar, call at the Gem Saloon.
If you want to rest and read the latest newspapers, call at the G-m. #241mp

MANSION HOUSE,

Cor. Emigration Street and State Road,
GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

The undersigned having taken this large and commodious Hotel, respectfully solicit the patronage of the public.
Excellent sleeping accommodations, and the table provided with the best the market affords.
Good corral and stabling on the premises. #231f

JOHNSON & CHISHOLM.

J. M. SIMMONS,

Assistant Assessor Internal Revenue, First
Division District of Utah.

Residence: Two doors east of Theatre, opposite City Hall, Salt Lake City. #201f

T. D. BROWN & SON,
Provision Store,
EXPRESS AND EXCHANGE OFFICE.

East Temple Street, Salt Lake City.

UNION SALOON,

Groesbeck's Building, Third door from East Temple St.

—BY—

MOORE & EWING.

#19 BEST OF WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS. #1f

GOODRICH HOUSE,

Bannack City..... Montana Territory.

THIS HOUSE is now open for the accommodation of the Public, with

Good Beds, and Tables

That will always be furnished with the best the market affords.
Good Corral and Stables near the premises.

W. O. GOODRICH.

PLANTERS' HOUSE,

CORNER OF IDAHO & JACKSON STS.,
Virginia City, Montana Ter'y.

JOHN H. SHOOT,..... Proprietor.

(Successor to Wm. Sloan.)

This House is now open for the accommodation of the public, with good rooms, and table supplied with the best the market affords. #01f

FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!

FREIGHT TO IDAHO CITY!

Freight to Bannack City!

The undersigned is prepared to furnish any amount of Transportation for

ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Either by Mule or Ox Teams,

TO THE ABOVE, OR OTHER POINTS.

WITH SAFETY AND DISPATCH,

And upon

Reasonable Terms.

Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 2d, 1864. #01f

MULES.

I have Fifty Head of

LARGE, YOUNG, AND WELL BROKE

AMERICAN MULES,

Which I will exchange for

WHEAT,
BARLEY,
OATS,
FLOUR
OR HAY.

Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 2d, 1864. #01f

OUR NEW LINE.

A. J. OLIVER & CO'S.

A. J. OLIVER & CO'S.

EXPRESS LINE.

Will leave Great Salt Lake City, Utah, for Virginia City, Montana, every Tuesday and Saturday after the 18th inst., over the new Cut-off. Nearest route by

70 Miles—Time—4 Days!

And actually ahead of any other line, 24 to 48 hours. Passengers allowed twenty-five pounds of baggage in Trunks, or anything they choose to carry. Treasure shipped on the most reasonable terms, and by trustworthy messengers well known to the community at large.

STAGES FOR EAST BANNACK.

Leave Virginia City on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Sundays.

Time—Nine Hours.

T. D. BROWN,

Salt Lake City, Sept. 17 '64-1f Agent.

Special Notice!

TILL FURTHER NOTICE THE

OVERLAND STAGE LINE COACH

WILL LEAVE THIS CITY FOR

DENVER, COLORADO TERRITORY,

EVERY DAY,

at 4 o'clock, a. m.

W. L. HALSEY, Agent.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 6th, 1864. #01f

JUST OPENED!

A New Assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Consisting chiefly of

Coats, Pants, Vests, Hats, Shirts,
Collars, Cravats,

Boots and Shoes.

Also have on hand everything in the

DRY GOODS AND GROCERY LINE.

sept-1m

WALKER BROS.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

Till further notice, the

OVERLAND MAIL COACH

Will leave this City for

VIRGINIA CITY, NEVADA TERR'y,

Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday Morning, at 8 o'clock, returning from the West the following days.

H. S. RUMFIELD, Agent.

Salt Lake City, Aug. 29, 1864. #01f

PHOENIX SALOON,

First South Temple Street, Salt Lake City.

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

Constantly on hand.

#001f RILEY & SHEPARD, Prop'rs.

IOWA HOUSE,

MAIN STREET,

BOISE CITY, IDAHO TERR'y,

Formerly known as the Panter's House.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the traveling public that they have purchased this new and commodious House and stabling, and are now enlarging and improving, hoping to make it equal to any in the city.

Hay and Grain fed at our stables; also, Stock ranches on reasonable terms. Give us a trial.
The Overland Stages arrive and depart from this House. #017-1mp

UNITED STATES SALOON,

Cor. Main, and Second South Temple St.

THE Best and Purest Brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars always kept at this House. Also, a fine dining room for the accommodation of customers. #01f

W. L. SHOLES, Proprietor

A REMINISCENCE OF LOLA MONTEZ.—Manager Lumley's "Reminiscences of the Opera" contains the following story about Lola Montez:

There is still another event remaining in the circumstances connected with which there is something so strangely ludicrous that I can scarcely look back upon it without a smile. This event was the appearance, as a danseuse, of the late celebrated Lola Montez. It is not my intention to rake up the world-wide stories of this strange and fascinating woman, not long since passed from the world. Perhaps it will be sufficient to say frankly that I was in this instance fairly "taken in." A noble lord, (afterwards closely connected with the Foreign Office,) had introduced the lady to my notice as the daughter of a celebrated Spanish patriot and martyr, representing her merits as a dancer in so strong a light that her "appearance" was granted. The afterwards great Lola was received with rapture. Public press, opera goers all gave way to such immoderate fits of enthusiasm that it is difficult at this day to account for the strange infatuation which prevailed all ranks.

True, the so-called Señora was singularly beautiful; her style was new, and there was something piquant and provocative in the surprise created. Yet she had no pretensions to the title of danseuse in any sense. To speak the plain truth, she was the veriest novice in her art, which she had never studied as an art at all. I do not intend by this plain statement to declare that the French and Italian schools of dancing are alone to be endured by spectators of the highest class, for there is art in the Spanish school of dancing, as well as in the others. But this spurious Spanish lady had no real knowledge of that which she professed. The whole affair was an imposture; and on the very night of her first appearance, the truth exploded. Doubts already created were confirmed, and the true Spaniards indignantly refused to acknowledge the impostor as an exponent of their national dance.

On the discovery of the truth I declined to allow the English adventurer, for such she was, another appearance on my boards; and certain is it that I acted wisely, though I had to exercise the virtue of self-denial, as there is little doubt from the reception she had met with the first night that the lovely woman would have drawn large sums of money to my treasury for some time at least. In spite of the expostulations of the "friends" of the English lady; in spite of the deprecatory letters in which she earnestly denied her English origin, and asserted that she was a true "Lola," a genuine "Montez," in spite of even the desire expressed in high places to witness her strange performance, I remained inflexible, and the false danseuse was never again allowed to exhibit her handsome person and spurious graces at Her Majesty's Theater.

"THE MAN WITH THE GLASS EYE."—It is stated that one of the deserters lately shot in the army, enlisted and was discharged or deserted twelve different times. He had lost one of his eyes, and falling into the hands of a substitute broker in Boston, the latter furnished him a very neat glass eye and enlisted him, and he was sent to the army. There he soon lost his eye again, or rather removed it and put it into his pocket and obtained his discharge. This process he several times repeated, and when unable to get his discharge deserted. Unfortunately thirteen proved an unlucky number for him, and the trick being discovered, he was tried and sentenced to be shot.

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